Guidelines for Selection/Advisory Committees

- The goal of this briefing is to help you recognize and manage potential EEO issues in the academic search process.
We encourage you to advertise your position widely, to help make sure that you attract the best applicant pool possible. This will help us recruit the broadest range of future faculty members, whose diverse backgrounds and perspectives will help enrich our University. And a broader applicant pool means you have access to the best potential fits for your unit’s needs. When it comes to advertising widely, consider advertising in the following ways:

- Utilize listservs dedicated to minority groups within your field (such as WISE – Women in Science and Engineering).
- Consider using social media. Different departments across campus have had success in attracting successful, diverse applicants by using Twitter, Facebook, or industry specific blogs to advertise their job openings.
- Check out different job boards or job lists that are targeted towards different minority groups within your field.
- Leverage the resources of your department! Ask your colleagues if they know of places to advertise (such as listservs, blogs, Facebook groups, etc.), and ask if they would be willing to aid in your recruitment efforts by sharing the job announcement.
- Remember that as a committee you’re not looking for cultural fit (people who would fit in with your departmental culture – tend to be the same as you) but cultural contribution (people who can add and bring value to your department).
Things to consider when forming your selection/advisory committee:

- Number of committee members
- Diversity
  - Tenured/Non-tenured
  - Race
  - Sex
  - Discipline
- Have at least one person in the committee be from outside the recruiting department
- Best practice is to set definitions of Minimum Qualifications/Desired Qualifications (MQ/DQ) prior to reviewing applications along with baseline thresholds to ensure consistent review of all application packets.
ALL applicant names are confidential in perpetuity (per H.R.S. Chapter 92-F)
- Information on who applied and the number of applicants should remain confidential.
- Names can be revealed when they become the finalists.
- Do not engage in conversations when people request information regarding internal/external candidates. Refer them to the Selection/Advisory Committee Chair.

Leaks are damaging to the credibility of the search process.

Best practice is to have one point of contact for search committee (more than likely it is the Chair of the search committee)
- This is to ensure that consistent information is being relayed if applicants have questions/concerns.

Best practice is to not use email to discuss candidates as it is too easy for information to be forwarded. Suggestion is to use a discussion forum like Laulima or to skype someone into an in-person meeting.
Conflict of Interest

Use your best judgment

Disclose/Inform the committee of any potential bias (pros or cons) you may have regarding any applicant so that the committee can determine whether it is necessary for you to recuse yourself.

- If you are related by blood or marriage, are married to the applicant, are in a close personal friendship outside of office, or fiduciary relationship with the applicant, you are expected to recuse yourself.
- If your CV and the applicant’s CV are remarkably similar (for example, if you have published extensively together, you have worked with the same people/ institutions), you should recuse yourself from being able to vote on this person’s application because you may be too closely related professionally to the applicant.
- If you are listed as a reference for an applicant or have written a letter in support of the applicant, you should recuse yourself from being able to vote on this person’s application, as well as excuse yourself while discussions take place. This will minimize any appearance of a conflict of interest.
- If you served on a dissertation committee for an applicant in the last five years, it is seen as too close because you arguably have an interest in the success of your former student- you should recuse yourself from being able to vote on this person’s application, as well as excuse yourself while discussions take place.
For a more in-depth training on implicit bias and assumptions, please contact the Office of Vice Chancellor for Academic Affairs.

Implicit Bias & Assumptions

Research shows that each of us have unconscious bias formed by our own personal experiences and education. Throughout the hiring process, we need to manage those biases.

- For example: In a national study, 238 academic psychologists evaluated a resume randomly assigned a male or female name. Both male and female evaluators gave the male applicant better evaluations for teaching, research and service, and both were more likely to hire the male candidate. (Steinpreis, et al., 1999)

To help you be aware of your possible biases, we suggest taking the Implicit Association Test (IAT) at [https://implicit.harvard.edu/implicit/](https://implicit.harvard.edu/implicit/) by Harvard University.

As a member of a search committee, it’s important to help each other manage your biases by:

- Agreeing to support each other and to call out unconscious bias
- Asking each other to justify decisions
- Relying on each other to make decisions collectively
The list on the left encompasses the various protected classes as defined under both Federal and State laws.

- It is illegal to screen applicants, have interview questions, and discuss these topics during the entire selection process.

- The committee’s decision-making cannot be based on any of these listed protected classes.

For example: Many committees have asked whether it was appropriate to ask about spousal hires or if an applicant could be eliminated because they are requesting a spousal hire. It is illegal to ask about marital status and illegal to base your hiring decision on information that is protected.

* The search committee should avoid further inquiry/discussion regarding the protected information, and the same information should not have any impact on your decision at all.

[HCRC Pre-Employment Lawful/Unlawful Inquiries related to Protected Classes](http://labor.hawaii.gov/hcrc/files/2013/01/Pre-Employment-Inquiries.docx) will take you to a matrix indicating what questions are appropriate and not appropriate to ask during the interview process.
Interview Questions

- Interview questions should be structured. You would ask the same questions to each applicant, if you have follow-up questions based on their answer or CV then it will be okay to deviate from the original structured questions.

- Aside from technical questions to gauge whether they have the skills for the job, think of the behaviors you as a committee are looking for in a faculty member/colleague, because although you want the most qualified person, you also want to look for a person who will “add value” in the department/College to ensure the best working relationship amongst all members.
  - Example: Can you tell us of a time in which you had to work with a difficult colleague; how was it challenging and how did you deal with it and what was the outcome?
  - In addition, consider providing an assessment during the interview process, for faculty hires, the committee invites the candidate to conduct a public talk on campus; consider having the talk tied to their position advertisement. For non-faculty hires, having candidates complete an assessment tied to their position description will allow for a better gauge of their skillset.

- To help ensure that questions are compliant with EEO guidelines, work with your college HR department.

RCUH has a great job interview guide that provides sample interview questions for job related competencies it can be found at: https://www.hawaii.edu/arthuradmin/0103_REC.html
If an applicant requests accommodation for the interview process, please be sure to work with them to ensure fairness and accessibility to the interview.

For example: It is best practice that when you schedule your interviews you would inform each applicant what is involved in the process (e.g. writing exercise, presentation, walking tour, luncheon, etc.).

In addition, it would be appropriate to inform them of the location of the building and access to it. If the interview is located on the 4th floor of Keller Hall, the nearest elevator can be found in the adjoining building in PSB. If the elevator is not reliable, consider relocating the interviews on a more accessible floor.

*If you are already aware of an applicant needing accommodations (i.e., for an internal applicant) we must offer the accommodations.

Be Proactive
Due Diligence & Social Media

For the candidate release form, go to https://goo.gl/bEaqba.

If the link does not work, please go to the UH Manoa Human Resources website under Supervisor’s toolbox.

Due Diligence
- It is imperative for all Committee Chairs to complete their due diligence for applicants. It is best practice to do reference checks of applicants who are invited to campus before the invitations go out. Typically, the College invests approx. $3,000 to $5,000 for each applicant to visit campus- it would be a waste of resources if you invite them and then do your due diligence and their references are negative.
- Reference questions should also be structured, each reference person should be asked the same questions.
- The candidate release form allows for you to receive reference checks from people the applicant did not list (i.e., indirect references).
  - For example, if you have a colleague working at the same institution as the applicant, you can reach out to the colleague and complete a reference check on the applicant.
  - Prior to receiving the candidate release form, you can only check with the references the candidate has provided.
  - It is best practice to contact an applicant’s former and current supervisors, please be reminded you will need permission from the applicant to do this.
  - If an applicant does not give their permission for you to contact their supervisor, you must be respect this and inform them that the committee will base their decision on information that is readily available.

Social Media
- Due to the evolving nature of social media, it is easy to access information regarding various applicants. Keep in mind that this may include information about protected class status, and other information that is not relevant to your decision making.
- Best practice – if you are going to engage in social media searches at all, do a social media search when you have a short list/finalist list because once you do one social media search for an applicant, you must do a search for all applicants.
- Be responsible when searching online; should you uncover negative information, you should bring it immediately to the Chair of the committee for he/she to handle.
Recruitment Files

Recruitment files including notes are to be kept for three (3) years AFTER the position has been filled.

- Be sure to track the screening process
  - How the committee is defining its thresholds, clarifying the terms used in the advertisement, and ranking of the applicants throughout the process from reviewing of application packets, to first round of interviews, to presentation/assessment, to final interview processes.

- At end of screening/selection process, Selection/Advisory Chair, HR Representative, and Dean must verify that the selection process was appropriate and followed the Federal Uniform Guidelines on Employee Selection Procedures and Executive Order 11246.

- If the recruitment is challenged, the recruitment file will be requested for review.
Resources

There are various resources available for you that may not be included on this list.

Be sure to contact your College HR office.

UH Mānoa Campus

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